

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Bureau of Industry and Security

In the Matter of: Mojtaba Biria, Bassumer Strasse 65, 28816 Stuhr, Germany; Order Denying Export Privileges

On August 14, 2019, in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of New York, Mojtaba Biria ("Biria") was convicted of violating the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C § 1701, et seq. (2012)) ("IEEPA"). Specifically, Biria was convicted of violating IEEPA by willfully conspiring to export and causing to be exported from the United States to Germany gas turbine parts, with knowledge that such goods were intended specifically for re-exportation directly and indirectly to Iran, without having first obtained the required U.S. Government authorization. Biria was sentenced to time served, a fine of \$5,000, and an assessment of \$100.

The Export Administration Regulations ("EAR" or "Regulations") are administered and enforced by the U.S. Department of Commerce's Bureau of Industry and Security ("BIS"). Section 766.25 of the Regulations provides, in pertinent part, that the "Director of [BIS's] Office of Exporter Services, in consultation with the Director of [BIS's] Office of Export Enforcement, may deny the export privileges of any person who

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The Regulations are currently codified in the Code of Federal Regulations at 15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (2019). The Regulations originally issued under the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended, 50 U.S.C. §§ 4601-4623 (Supp. III 2015) ("EAA"), which lapsed on August 21, 2001. The President, through Executive Order 13,222 of August 17, 2001 (3 C.F.R., 2001 Comp. 783 (2002)), which was extended by successive Presidential Notices, continued the Regulations in full force and effect under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, 50 U.S.C. § 1701, et seq. (2012) ("IEEPA"). On August 13, 2018, the President signed into law the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019, which includes the Export Control Reform Act of 2018, 50 U.S.C. §§ 4801–4852 ("ECRA"). While Section 1766 of ECRA repeals the provisions of the EAA (except for three sections which are inapplicable here), Section 1768 of ECRA provides, in pertinent part, that all rules and regulations that were made or issued under the EAA, including as continued in effect pursuant to IEEPA, and were in effect as of ECRA's date of enactment (August 13, 2018), shall continue in effect according to their terms until modified, superseded, set aside, or revoked through action undertaken pursuant to the authority provided under ECRA.

has been convicted of a violation of . . . the International Emergency Economic Powers

Act (50 U.S.C § 1701-1706)." 15 C.F.R. § 766.25(a). The denial of export privileges

under this provision may be for a period of up to 10 years from the date of the conviction.

15 C.F.R. § 766.25(d). In addition, pursuant to Section 750.8 of the Regulations, BIS's

Office of Exporter Services may revoke any BIS-issued licenses in which the person had
an interest at the time of his/her conviction.

BIS received notice of Biria's conviction for violating IEEPA and, pursuant to Section 766.25 of the Regulations, provided notice and an opportunity for Biria to make a written submission to BIS. To date, BIS has not received a written submission from Biria.

Based upon my review and consultations with BIS's Office of Export

Enforcement, including its Director, and the facts available to BIS, I have decided to
deny Biria's export privileges under the Regulations for a period of 10 years from the
date of Biria's conviction. I have also decided to revoke any BIS-issued licenses in
which Biria had an interest at the time of his conviction.

Accordingly, it is hereby **ORDERED**:

**First**, from the date of this Order until August 14, 2029, Mojtaba Biria, with a last known address at Bassumer Strasse 65, 28816 Stuhr, Germany, and when acting for or on his behalf, his successors, assigns, employees, agents or representatives ("the Denied Person"), may not directly or indirectly participate in any way in any transaction involving any commodity, software or technology (hereinafter collectively referred to as

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See also Section 11(h) of the EAA, 50 U.S.C. § 4610(h) (Supp. III 2015); Sections 1760(e) and 1768 of ECRA, 50 U.S.C. §§ 4819 and 4826; and note 1, supra.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See notes 1 and 2, supra.

"item") exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, including, but not limited to:

- A. Applying for, obtaining, or using any license, license exception, or export control document;
- B. Carrying on negotiations concerning, or ordering, buying, receiving, using, selling, delivering, storing, disposing of, forwarding, transporting, financing, or otherwise servicing in any way, any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or engaging in any other activity subject to the Regulations; or
- C. Benefitting in any way from any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or from any other activity subject to the Regulations.

**Second**, no person may, directly or indirectly, do any of the following:

- A. Export or reexport to or on behalf of the Denied Person any item subject to the Regulations;
- B. Take any action that facilitates the acquisition or attempted acquisition by the Denied Person of the ownership, possession, or control of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States, including financing or other support activities related to a transaction whereby the Denied Person acquires or attempts to acquire such ownership, possession or control;

- C. Take any action to acquire from or to facilitate the acquisition or attempted acquisition from the Denied Person of any item subject to the Regulations that has been exported from the United States;
- D. Obtain from the Denied Person in the United States any item subject to the Regulations with knowledge or reason to know that the item will be, or is intended to be, exported from the United States; or
- E. Engage in any transaction to service any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States and which is owned, possessed or controlled by the Denied Person, or service any item, of whatever origin, that is owned, possessed or controlled by the Denied Person if such service involves the use of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States. For purposes of this paragraph, servicing means installation, maintenance, repair, modification or testing.

**Third**, after notice and opportunity for comment as provided in Section 766.23 of the Regulations, any other person, firm, corporation, or business organization related to Biria by ownership, control, position of responsibility, affiliation, or other connection in the conduct of trade or business may also be made subject to the provisions of this Order in order to prevent evasion of this Order.

**Fourth**, in accordance with Part 756 of the Regulations, Biria may file an appeal of this Order with the Under Secretary of Commerce for Industry and Security. The appeal must be filed within 45 days from the date of this Order and must comply with the provisions of Part 756 of the Regulations.

**Fifth**, a copy of this Order shall be delivered to Biria and shall be published in the *Federal Register*.

**Sixth**, this Order is effective immediately and shall remain in effect until August 14, 2029.

Issued this 7<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2019.

Karen H. Nies-Vogel, Director, Office of Exporter Services.

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